

# STEPHEN ONGPIN FINE ART



**Remigio CANTAGALLINA (Borgo San Sepolcro 1575 - Florence 1656)**

## **A Tree in a Landscape, with Farmhouses Beyond**

Pen and brown ink, over traces of an underdrawing in pencil, partially squared for transfer in black chalk, and with framing lines in brown ink. Oval.

280 x 381 mm. (11 x 15 in.) at greatest dimensions.

This large sheet is a typical example of the work for which Remigio Cantagallina was praised by the Florentine biographer Filippo Baldinucci. The framing lines indicate that the drawing was always intended to be oval in shape, which makes it something of a rarity among the artist's corpus of drawings. Another finished oval landscape drawing by Cantagallina, of similar dimensions to the present sheet, is in the Uffizi, which also houses an additional oval drawing with a vertical orientation.

Trees are a common compositional motif in Cantagallina's corpus of drawings. Among comparable works by the artist is a large study of an oak tree, dated 1624, which was on the art market in New York in 2001 and another sheet, dated 1632, that appeared at auction in London in 1979. A number of similar pen studies of single trees, mostly vertical in orientation, are in the Brussels sketchbook, while several others are in the Uffizi.

As Stefano Rinaldi has noted, '*It is...with Cantagallina and the circle of draftsmen around Giulio Parigi that this kind of pen drawing achieved considerable success. Baldinucci, describing this phenomenon in a much-quoted passage, refers to "a beautiful, new way of drawing charming landscapes in pen."* Those artists, while clearly responding to the success of [Jacques] Callot's etchings, contributed to the establishment in Tuscany of a new kind of finished drawing. Far from the traditional concept of *disegno* as the spontaneous transcription of artistic thought, their highly elaborate calligraphic drawings were clearly intended as finished collectibles to be framed and displayed on the wall in the ultimate paragone between drawing and painting.'

## **Artist description:**

Said to be a pupil of Giulio Parigi, Remigio Cantagallina produced his earliest known works, a series of landscape etchings, in 1603. Relatively little is known of his life and career, which was spent mostly in

Florence, although a trip to Flanders between 1611 and 1613 is documented by a number of drawings in a sketchbook today in the Musée Royale des Beaux-Arts in Brussels. Described by Filippo Baldinucci as 'famous for his landscape drawings in pen' ('celebre in disegnar paesi a penna'), Cantagallina was particularly influenced by the work of such Northern artists as Paul Bril. He was, in turn, to be an important influence on the later generation of landscape draughtsmen working in Florence, including Ercole Bazzicaluva, Baccio del Bianco and Jacques Callot, whom Cantagallina seems to have befriended on his arrival in Florence in the early years of the 17th century, and may have helped to train. Among the few public works commissioned from the artist were the ephemeral decorations to celebrate the wedding in Florence of the Grand Duke Cosimo II de' Medici to Maria-Maddalena of Austria, executed in collaboration with Parigi in 1508. Only one painting by Cantagallina is known, however; a very large Last Supper painted with his brother Antonio in 1604, intended for a monastery in his native town of Sansepolcro and now in the Museo Civico there.

A prolific artist, Cantagallina produced a large number of highly finished topographical views of Florence and other sites in Tuscany, drawn with warm brown washes, that are among his finest achievements. Many of these drawings, such as a remarkable large View of Siena in the Uffizi, were almost certainly intended as independent works of art. His draughtsmanship was closely related to his work as a printmaker, and he produced over sixty etchings, mostly of pastoral landscapes and festival scenes. The largest collection of landscape drawings by Cantagallina, numbering more than two hundred sheets, is in the Uffizi in Florence; one of these, a drawing dated 1655, is the artist's last known dated work.