Stephen Ongpin Fine Art



Sam SZAFRAN (Paris 1934 - Paris 2019)

View of Rooftops, Paris

Watercolour over a pencil underdrawing, on a page from a large sketchbook.

Signed Sam Szafran in red chalk at the bottom centre.

Laid down.

430 x 475 mm. (16 7/8 x 18 3/4 in.)

Throughout his career, Sam Szafran concentrated on a small range of subjects, notably views of the interiors of his studios and of staircases seen from above in steep perspectival foreshortening. The present sheet is part of a series of watercolours, for the most part painted on silk, which are devoted to views of the rooftops of Paris. (It may have been drawn from the window of the artist's home and studio in a former foundry in the Parisian suburb of Malakoff, to which he moved in 1973.) Szafran began painting urban scenes in the early 1990s, initially with exterior views seen through the windows of the staircases that he was so fond of depicting, and gradually expanding to views of interior courtyards and rooftops. For these subjects he chose to work almost exclusively in watercolour, and often on a very large scale. As Szafran later recalled of his initial experiments with the watercolour medium, 'the extraordinary potential of this living material that is watercolour became apparent. This led to the creation of a first series of works on paper, which Claude Bernard exhibited in 1987 in New York and Paris. After thirty years of charcoal and pastel, watercolour proved to be a particularly fruitful new medium.'

The present sheet is one of a number of watercolours of urban views by Szafran incorporating a distorted, anamorphic projection. Among comparable works of a similar theme and composition is a large watercolour 'Untitled (Malakoff)', painted in 2013, which recently appeared at auction in Paris, and a monumental 'Landscape in the Manner of Hokusai', executed in 1999 and today in the collection of the Fondation Pierre Giannada, Martigny.

The main part of the present composition is repeated in the upper section of a large pastel drawing of a

distorted view of a staircase, executed in 2005 and now in a private collection.

Artist description:

Born Samuel Berger in 1934 to Polish Jewish immigrants and raised in the area of Les Halles in Paris, Sam Szafran was imprisoned as a child at the Drancy internment camp, northeast of the city, during the Occupation. Following the Liberation he lived for some years with his mother and sister in Australia before returning to Paris in 1951, at the age of seventeen. He attended evening drawing classes and became friendly with a number of artists, including Jean Arp, Henri Cartier-Bresson, Yves Klein, Joan Miro and Jean-Paul Riopelle, as well as Alberto Giacometti. Although he was briefly enrolled at the Académie de la Grande-Chaumière in Paris in the mid-1950s, Szafran was largely self-taught as an artist. He took the maiden name of his mother when he began to sign his works, and exhibited at the Salon des Indépendants in 1957 and the Salon des Réalités Nouvelles two years later. While his earliest works were based in abstraction, from around 1960 onwards he began to depict representational subjects, drawn in pastel or charcoal and, from the late 1970s onwards, watercolour. Content with studying a limited range of themes - notably studio interiors, staircases and plant forms he produced numerous drawings, each characterized by a very skillful handling of the medium and an abiding interest in perspectival effects. From 1965, when Szafran had his first solo exhibition, his work was exhibited extensively in France, and also in Switzerland, but only rarely elsewhere. Szafran contributed to the Nouvelle Subjectivité exhibitions curated by Jean Clair in Paris in 1976 and in Brussels in 1979. Throughout much of the artist's career, his work was acquired by a coterie of enthusiastic and devoted collectors.

A retrospective exhibition of drawings, pastels, watercolours and sculptures by Szafran was held at the Fondation Pierre Gianadda in Martigny and the Fondation Maeght in Saint-Paul de Vence in 1999-2000. Later exhibitions followed at the Max Ernst Museum in Brühl in 2010-2011 and at the Fondation Gianadda in 2013. Following Szafran's death in 2019, a large commemorative exhibition at the Musée de l'Orangerie in Paris in 2022-2023 drew some 330,000 visitors. In 2015 a permanent gallery devoted to Szafran's work was established at the Fondation Gianadda in Martigny in Switzerland, while other works by the artist are today in the collections of the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the Museum of Modern Art in New York, the Centre National d'Art Contemporain, the Musée d'Orsay and the Musée d'Art Moderne in Paris, the Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden in Washington, D.C., the Musée Cantini in Marseille, and elsewhere.