Stephen Ongpin Fine Art



Horst JANSSEN (Hamburg 1929 - Hamburg 1995)

Still Life with a Sprig of Juniper(?) in a Glass: 'Liebe Tante, ich bin im Moment etwas nervös...' Pen and brown ink and grey wash.

Dated 19/6/74 at the upper left, and extensively inscribed Liebe Tante / ich bin im Moment / etwas nervös / nicht sehr - aber doch / verzeih also bitte / dies + das / - wenn / danke. at the lower centre.

Laid down.

197 x 162 mm. (7 3/4 x 6 3/8 in.)

The text accompanying this little still life sketch may be translated as:

'Dear Aunt

I am currently

a little nervous

not very - but still

so please forgive me for

this + that

- if

thank you.'

The 'Liebe Tante' referred to in this note is likely to be the artist's aunt Anna Janssen, his mother's younger sister, who lived in Hamburg and adopted the young Horst Janssen in 1944, a year after the death of his mother. The artist remained close to her until her death in 1967.

In the 1970s Janssen produced a number of still life drawings of flowers placed in glasses or bottles. As he noted, however, in the text accompanying a book of his still life drawings and prints, "My" still-life very rarely fits the historical sense of the term. In other words, he cut edge of a table, the triangular-cornered tablecloth or brocade cover, on it the deer skull with the purple beads in its nose, or a corresponding pheasant, next to it a bowl of grapes and peaches, then the sumptuous bouquet of flowers and on it the cutest butterfly and perhaps also a robin that is just...etc. etc. A 17th-century Dutch still-life. That is not "my" still-life...I recall the clever term used by those clever wordsmiths the French: "Nature Morte." For all the examples assembled here, whether Baroque painting, bourgeois flower bouquet or dead moth without "background or backdrop" are covered by this "Nature Morte." In case of doubt, it could even be a self-portrait. Title: Frightened to death.'

Artist description:

The German draughtsman, illustrator and printmaker Horst Janssen was raised in the city of Oldenburg by his mother and grandparents, and never knew his father. Between 1946 and 1951 he studied at the Landeskunstschule in Hamburg, where his teacher was the painter and engraver Alfred Mahlau. (He was later offered a professorship at the Hamburg academy, but turned down the opportunity.) In 1948 he published a children's book and in the early 1950s began developing his skills as a printer and lithographer.

Hugely prolific, Janssen produced a large number of drawings, etchings, lithographs, woodcuts and wood engravings characterized by dreamlike and often erotic imagery, creating a distinctive body of work – landscapes, still life subjects, portraits and self-portraits, often incorporating literary references and texts - that was quite unusual within the context of postwar European art. In the early part of his career he rarely exhibited his work outside Hamburg, and if he sold a print or drawing it was usually for a relatively modest amount – between 50 and 100 Marks for a print and between 200 and 850 Marks for a drawing – to a small coterie of collectors whom he knew. As he said at around this time, 'I want to know who has my pictures. Out of vanity. Besides, I love them.'

Janssen's first retrospective exhibition of almost 180 drawings and prints was held in 1965 at the Kestner-Gesellschaft in Hanover, leading the director of that institution, Wieland Schmied, to describe the artist as 'the greatest draughtsman apart from Picasso. But Picasso is a different generation.' The exhibition later travelled to several cities in Germany and also to Basel, and led to Janssen's work becoming much more widely known outside Hamburg.

His output never slackened, and his intensely personal vision continued to find new avenues of expression. He also often created drawings and prints inspired by foreign works of art, and in 1972 published an appreciation of the printed landscapes of the 19th century Japanese artist Hokusai. During his lifetime, Janssen won several important prizes and awards – including the first prize for graphic art at the Venice Biennale of 1968 - and his drawings and prints were widely exhibited throughout Europe, as well as in America, Russia and Japan. Significant exhibitions of his work were held in Mannheim in 1976, at the Documenta VI in Kassel the following year, at the Art Institute of Chicago in 1980 and the Albertina in Vienna in 1982. Janssen died in Hamburg in 1995, at the age of

sixty-five. Five years later the Horst Janssen Museum in the artist's hometown of Oldenburg, dedicated to the artist's work, was inaugurated.