

STEPHEN ONGPIN FINE ART



18th Century Dutch School

A Trompe-l'Oeil of a Collage of Engraved Portraits of Dutch and Flemish Painters

Pen and brown ink and grey wash, on two joined sheets of paper.

The outlines of the composition silhouetted and the whole laid down onto a backing sheet.

Each portrait numbered in brown ink.

Said to be indistinctly inscribed *verzameling van ...g...af / ... Be. mdd... (sc?)hulde* on the verso, now laid down.

632 x 565 mm. (24 7/8 x 22 1/4 in.) at greatest dimensions.

This large trompe-l'oeil drawing depicts more than 170 portraits of Dutch and Flemish painters active between the 15th and the 18th centuries. While the small engraved portraits, each numbered in brown ink, appear to have been distributed at random, pride of place is given to a portrait of Peter Paul Rubens, numbered 1 and placed at the centre of the sheet, within a crowned cartouche. The image is taken from the engraved portrait of Rubens in Arnold Houbraken's biographical compendium *De Grootte Schouburgh der Nederlantsche Konstschilders en Schilderessen* (The Great Theatre of Dutch Painters), published in three volumes between 1718 and 1721. The portrait of Rubens in Houbraken's book is accompanied on the same page by portraits of the artists Hendrik van Balen and Roelandt Savery, which also appear in the present sheet, as Nos. 9 and 10 respectively.

While many of the images in this drawing are taken from Houbraken's *De Grootte Schouburgh*, others are derived from the artist portraits, engraved by Etienne Fiquet after drawings by Charles Eisen, reproduced in Jean-Baptiste Descamps' *Vie des peintres flamands, allemands et hollandois*, published in Paris between 1753 and 1764. Among the artists whose engraved portraits are depicted in the present sheet are Abraham Bloemaert, Gerard ter Borch, Gerbrand van den Eeckhout, Adam Elsheimer, Allaert van Everdingen, Govert Flinck, Hendrick Goltzius, Frans Hals, Hans Holbein, Jacob Jordaens, Philips Koninck, Johannes Lingelbach, Maria Sibylla Merian, Adriaen van Ostade,

Rembrandt, Cornelis and Herman Saftleven, Frans Snyders, Lucas van Uden, Anthony Van Dyck and Jan Baptist Weenix.

Trompe-l'oeil still life drawings of this type were popular in Holland in the 18th century, but were often unsigned and as such can be difficult to attribute to a particular artist. Indeed, some of the draughtsmen responsible for such imaginative compositions may have been amateur artists. For example, a similar large-scale trompe-l'oeil drawing of a mass of printed pages, signed and dated 'N. de Wit 1740', is in the Nationalmuseum in Stockholm. The artist of the Stockholm drawing has been tentatively identified as one Nicolaas de Wit, born in Amsterdam in 1710, who is not documented as a professional artist.