## Stephen Ongpin Fine Art



Flaminio TORRE (Bologna 1621 - Modena 1661)

## The Head of a Bearded Old Man

Black chalk, heightened with white chalk, on light brown paper.

Inscribed Flaminio Torri and numbered 38 in on the former mount.

237 x 179 mm. (9 3/8 x 7 in.)

Similar heads appear in a number of paintings by Flaminio Torre, such as a Holy Family in the convent of San Giuseppe in Bologna, and another depiction of the same subject in a Bolognese private collection.

**Exhibitions** London, Colnaghi, Master Drawings, 1993, no.28.

## Literature:

Mario di Giampaolo, ed., Disegno italiano antico: Artisti e opere dal Quattrocento al Settecento, Milan, 1994, illustrated p.217.

## Artist description:

Following a period in the studio of Giacomo Cavedone, Flaminio Torre (or Torri, and also known as Flaminio degli Ancinelli) completed his apprenticeship with Simone Cantarini. Torre's first known dated work is an etching of 1639 in which, as in such early paintings as the Adoration of the Magi in San Giuseppe in Bologna, the influence of his master is readily evident. In 1647, he painted a decorative fresco border for an altarpiece in the church of San Filippo Benizzi in Bologna, begun by Cantarini and completed by Francesco Albani. With the death of Simone Cantarini in 1648, Torre inherited his studio. Around 1650 he painted a Vision of Saint Anthony of Padua for the church of the Osservanza in Imola; this was a relatively rare example of a public commission, since much of Torre's work was made up of devotional pictures for private patrons. He settled in Modena by 1658, where he was employed at the Ducal court of Alfonso I d'Este as curator of the Galleria Estense. He lived in Modena for the remainder of his life, although the absence of any dated paintings from this period suggests that he painted very little after leaving Bologna.

Torre seems to have drawn mainly in red chalk, with a distinctive style which reflects the particular influence of Cantarini's draughtsmanship. Indeed, the drawings of the two artists have often been confused. As his biographer Cesare Malvasia noted, Torre 'disegnò mirabilmente, e i suoi segni non furono così rotti come que' del Pesarese [ie. Cantarini], ma più interi, seguiti e sicuri'. A later historian, Luigi Lanzi, added that 'il suo gran talento fu imitare perfettamente e senza stento qualunque maniera; onde le sue copie furono pregiate quanto gli originali de' grandi autori, e talvolta più.'