

STEPHEN ONGPIN FINE ART



Henry SOMM (Rouen 1844 - Paris 1907)

Study of a Young Woman

Watercolour, with pen and black ink.
Colour wash tests in watercolour on the verso, backed.
106 x 163 mm. (4 1/4 x 6 3/8 in.)

Artist description:

After studying at the École Municipale de Dessin in Rouen, François Clément Sommier settled in Paris in the late 1860's, training briefly with Isidore Pils and adopting the name Henry Somm. It was under this name that he illustrated his first book, Alexandre Le Noble's *La Rapinéide ou L'Atelier, poème burlesco-comico-tragique en 7 chants*, published in 1870. Somm was to enjoy a successful career as an illustrator and draughtsman, contributing regularly to such popular journals as *Le Monde Parisien*, *Le Rire* and *L'Illustration Nouvelle*, as well as providing illustrations for satirical books like Jacques Olivier's *Alphabet de l'imperfection et malice des femmes*, published in 1876. Somm was also active as a graphic designer, providing menus, theatre programs, invitations and announcements for the many fashionable events of Belle Epoque Paris. He produced visiting cards and bookplates, as well as designs for plates for the Haviland porcelain factory, commissioned by the firm's artistic director, Félix Bracquemond. Somm was one of the graphic artists who fell under the spell of Japonisme, which first emerged in France in the early 1860's and continued throughout the late 19th century. Some of his earliest work in this genre was first developed in illustrations accompanying a series of articles by Philippe Burty published in *L'Art* in the early 1870's. Somm studied Japanese language and history (an illustrated notebook with his notes on Japanese grammar is in the Louvre), but his plans to travel to Japan in 1870 were halted by the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war.

At the invitation of Edgar Degas, Somm took part in the fourth Impressionist exhibition of 1879, showing his drawings alongside those of Bracquemond, Degas, Mary Cassatt and Camille Pissarro. The 1880's found Somm associated with a group of artists and writers at the Parisian cabaret *Le Chat Noir*, where he produced shadow-plays, and for whose eponymous journal he published reviews and articles. Among his friends at *Le Chat Noir* was Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec, who made an etched portrait of Somm in 1898, and the two were members of an anti-establishment art group known as *Les Incohérents*. In the latter part of his career, Somm was employed by the periodical *Le Rire*; required to provide several drawings for each issue, his draughtsmanship became both more economical in line and more self-assured. Somm's finished drawings are often related to his more commercial work as an illustrator for magazines or books. Although he died in relative obscurity, a retrospective exhibition of his work was mounted at the *Galerie Berthe Weill* in Paris in 1911.