

STEPHEN ONGPIN FINE ART



René GRUAU (Covignano 1909 - Rome 2004)

Woman in a Lanvin Dress

Brush and black ink, sprayed watercolour, over traces of an underdrawing in pencil. A made up section at the lower left corner.

Signed Gruau at the lower right, and dedicated by the artist to Gene, / with my friendship / and my sincere admira- / tion for his talent / René at the upper right.

Further inscribed L'Officiel / offset in pencil and, in a different hand, ??? / pour(?) placement / texte on the verso.

435 x 327 mm. (17 1/8 x 12 7/8 in.)

The present sheet depicts a dress in white chiffon designed by Antonio Canovas del Castillo for the House of Lanvin, and was used as a full-page illustration in the fashion magazine L'Officiel in May 1953. Gruau's illustration was captioned 'Robe de grand soir de Jeanne Lanvin (Castillo) en mousseline blanche à pois noirs que des noeuds en ruban de moire d'un rouge écarlate ponctuant de leur note vive. L'ampleur souple de ce modèle est tout à fait marquante.' The distinctive technique of 'sprayed' dots of pigment in the background of this drawing is a characteristic feature of Gruau's drawings of the first half of the 1950's.

Provenance:

Given by the artist to Gene Loyd in c.1953
Given by Loyd to a Dr. Ettinger
Private collection, until 2010.

Literature:

'Pour être à la page', L'Officiel de la Couture et de la Mode de Paris, March 1953, p.205.

Artist description:

Born to an Italian nobleman and a French mother in Covignano, near Rimini, Renato Zavagli Ricciardelli, Conte delle Camminate, enjoyed a life of luxury as a child, living between Rimini, Milan, Paris and Monte Carlo. He displayed an innate talent as a draughtsman from an early age and, adopting his mother's maiden name of Gruau, embarked on a career as an illustrator while still in his late teens. Settling in Paris in the early 1930's, he soon found employment providing drawings of the latest fashions for the newspaper *Le Figaro* and the fashion magazine *Femina*. He also recorded the collections of such Parisian designers as Pierre Balmain, Jacques Fath, Jeanne Lanvin, Jean Patou, Elsa Schiaparelli, Cristobal Balenciaga and, in particular, Christian Dior, who was a close friend. Gruau worked closely with the couturier, designing numerous advertisements and posters for the atelier. Indeed, Gruau may be said to have helped to shape, to a large extent, the public image of the house of Dior, particularly during the period of the fashion designer's brief independent career, between 1947 and his death ten years later.

By the end of the Second World War Gruau's reputation was firmly established, and had spread beyond France. He lived for several years in America, working for *Harper's Bazaar* and *Vogue* in New York in the late 1940's and in California for *Flair*. Although he had designed costumes and scenery for ballet companies in Paris, he declined offers to design costumes for Hollywood films. Following the death of Dior in 1957, Gruau largely abandoned the field of fashion illustration, and began providing designs for advertisements for such products as Martini, Lindt chocolates and Perrier, as well as theatre posters. In the 1980's he returned to fashion illustration, working in Paris for *Vogue France*, *Elle* and *Madame Figaro*. A retrospective of Gruau's work was held at the *Musée du Costume* in Paris in 1989, and at the city's new *Musée de la Publicité* in 1999, while the following year a permanent exhibition of his work was inaugurated at the *Museo della Città* in the artist's birthplace of Rimini.